

MORI DREAM PAIRS & \mathbb{C}^* -ACTIONS

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IDEA: Understand the relation between particular \mathbb{C}^* -actions & 2-dim Mori Dream Regions

We work / \mathbb{C} and consider Y a normal projective variety.

A small modification of Y is a birational map

$$\phi: Y \dashrightarrow Y' \quad (Y' \text{ normal projective})$$

which is an iso. in codimension ≥ 1 .

(We say that ϕ is SQM small \mathbb{Q} -factorial modification adding the requirement that both Y, Y' are \mathbb{Q} -factorial)

Let us fix a finite set of effective Cartier divisors on Y

$$L_1, \dots, L_k$$

$$R(Y; L_1, \dots, L_k) := \bigoplus_{m_1, \dots, m_k \in \mathbb{N}} H^0(Y, \mathcal{O}_Y(m_1 L_1 + \dots + m_k L_k))$$

this is a multigraded \mathbb{C} -algebra

DEF ① Let $C = \langle L_1, \dots, L_k \rangle$ rational polyhedral cone in $\text{CDiv}(Y)_{\mathbb{Q}}$,

$L_i \geq 0$. C is a MORI DREAM REGION if

$R(Y; L_1, \dots, L_k)$ is a f.g. \mathbb{C} -algebra [OKAWA]

② (Special case) Let Y normal projective, $L_1, L_2 \in \text{CDiv}(Y)$ s.t.

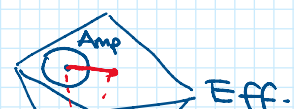
* L_1 ample

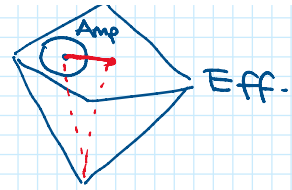
* $R(Y, L_2)$ finitely generated &

$\phi: Y \dashrightarrow Y' := \text{Proj}(R(Y; L_2))$ is a small modification.

THEN: We say that (L_1, L_2) is a MORI DREAM PAIR if

$\langle L_1, L_2 \rangle$ is a MDR





Let's see how this connects to \mathbb{C}^* -actions.

STEP 1 Białyński - Bizula DECOMPOSITION.

Fix (X, L) a polarized pair, w/ X normal projective, L ample.
 Assume that the pair admits a \mathbb{C}^* -action.
then the action admits a linearization on L

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{C}^* \times L & \longrightarrow & L \\ \downarrow & \curvearrowright & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{C}^* \times X & \longrightarrow & X \end{array}$$

Given the action, consider the set

\mathcal{Y} of irreducible components of the fixed point locus.

& assign a weight to each $Y \in \mathcal{Y}$ i.e.

$$\mu_L(Y) \in M(\mathbb{C}^*) := \text{Hom}(\mathbb{C}^*, \mathbb{C}^*) \simeq \mathbb{Z}$$

call such values critical values.

B-B: is a finite chain of values

$$Q_0 < Q_1 < \dots < Q_r \text{ and we can define}$$

$Q_r - Q_0 =: \delta$ bandwidth of the action. r is the criticality.

$$Y_i := \bigsqcup_{\substack{Y \in \mathcal{Y} \\ \mu_L(Y) = Q_i}} Y$$

it can be proved that irreducible

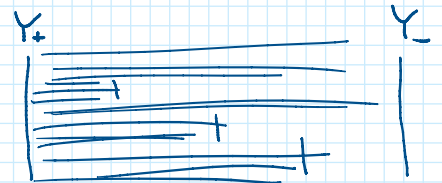
$$Y_0 = Y_+ \quad \& \quad Y_r = Y_-$$

For all $Y \in \mathcal{Y}$ we denote

$$X^+(Y) := \{x \in X \mid \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} tx \in Y\}$$

$$X^-(Y) := \{x \in X \mid \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} tx \in Y\}$$

B-B cells.



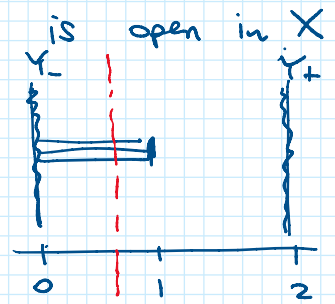
Known: $X^+(Y_+)$ & $X^-(Y_-)$ are dense open subsets on X

How to construct S^1 quotients?

For any index $i = 0, \dots, r-1$

$$Y = \{Y \in \mathcal{Y} \mid \mu_L(Y) \leq \alpha_i\} \cup \{Y \in \mathcal{Y} \mid \mu_L(Y) \geq \alpha_{i+1}\}$$

$$X^S(\alpha_i, \alpha_{i+1}) := X \setminus \left(\bigsqcup_{Y \in \mathcal{Y}_-} X^+(Y) \cup \bigsqcup_{Y \in \mathcal{Y}_+} X^-(Y) \right)$$



the GIT quotients are defined as

$$G_X(\alpha_i, \alpha_{i+1}) := X^S(\alpha_i, \alpha_{i+1}) // \mathbb{C}^*$$

$$\parallel \text{Fix } z \in (\alpha_i, \alpha_{i+1}) \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$\text{Proj} \bigoplus_{\substack{m \geq 0 \\ m \in \mathbb{Z}}} H^0(X, mL)_{mz}$ \rightarrow weight of the \mathbb{C}^* -action.

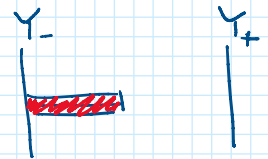
Def: (X, L) polarized w/ \mathbb{C}^* action of criticality z

* the action is of B-type if

$$G_X(0, 1) \rightarrow Y_- \quad G_X(z-1, z) \rightarrow Y_+ \quad \text{are isom.}$$

* the action is a BORDISM if it is of B-type

and $\overline{X^\pm(Y)}$ does not contain codim. 1-subvarieties for every Y inner component



Rmk: Given a bordism, the natural map $\psi: G_X(0, 1) \rightarrow G_X(z-1, z)$ is a small modification.

RECALL (WORS) Given a birational map $\phi: Y_- \dashrightarrow Y_+$

A GEOMETRIC REALIZATION of ϕ is a normal projective variety X w/ a \mathbb{C}^* -action of B-type w/ sink & source Y_- & Y_+ & ϕ is the natural induced map.

THE CORRESPONDENCE:

(A) MDP $\Leftrightarrow \mathbb{C}^*$ -actions

Let $\phi: Z_1 \dashrightarrow Z_2$ a small modification.

L_1 ample on Z_1 , $L_2 = \phi^*(\bar{L})$ \bar{L} ample on Z_2 s.t.

$A := \bigoplus_{a, b \geq 0} H^0(Z_1, aL_1 + bL_2)$ is finitely generated

THM (BRUS) \exists a normal projective variety X w/ a \mathbb{C}^* -action

- st
- (i) the action is a bordism
 - (ii) the sink is \mathbb{Z}_1 & the source is \mathbb{Z}_2
 - (iii) ϕ coincides w/ ψ

(PF) construction of X

Let $H := \text{Hom}(\mathbb{Z}(L_1, L_2), \mathbb{C}^*)$ is a complex 2-dim torus.
acting naturally on A

$\mathcal{M}(H) = \mathbb{Z}(L_1, L_2)$ the character lattice

$\alpha \in \mathcal{M}(H)^\vee$ a 1-parameter subgroup s.t. $\alpha_{1,2} := \alpha(L_i) > 0$
(and coprime)

the choice of α induces a natural subtorus $H' \subseteq H$
1-dim acting on A

$$\Rightarrow A = A^\alpha := \bigoplus_{m \geq 0} A_m^\alpha \quad \text{w/} \quad A_m^\alpha := \bigoplus_{\substack{m_i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \\ \alpha(m_1 L_1 + m_2 L_2) = m}} H^0(Y_{m_1, m_2}, L_1 + m_2 L_2)$$

$$X^\alpha := \text{Proj } A^\alpha$$

$$H' \xrightarrow{\alpha} H \rightarrow H''$$

$$H'' = H/H' \\ \downarrow \\ X^\alpha$$

BORDISM \Rightarrow MDP

Let (X, L) polarized pair w/ a \mathbb{C}^* action.
 X normal, \mathbb{Q} -fact proj, L ample cartier.

THM the induced birational map $\psi: Y_- \dashrightarrow Y_+$

is a small \mathbb{Q} -factorial modification of the pair

(L_-, L_+) w $L_- = L|_{Y_-}$ & $L_+ = \psi_*^{-1} L|_{Y_+}$ is a MDP

whose natural associated map is ψ .

